

Gridposium 2011: Best Practices, Strategies and Smart Grid Vision

Austin Texas, May 12-13 2011

Distribution Automation: The Next Big Push? Evaluating the Business Case for Distribution Automation at Electric Cooperatives

Jerry Jackson, Ph.D.
Leader and Research Director
Smart Grid Research Consortium
jjackson@smartgridresearchconsortium.org



Smart Grid Research Consortium, LLC
37 N. Orange Avenue, Suite 500
Orlando, FL 32801
www.smartgridresearchconsortium.org

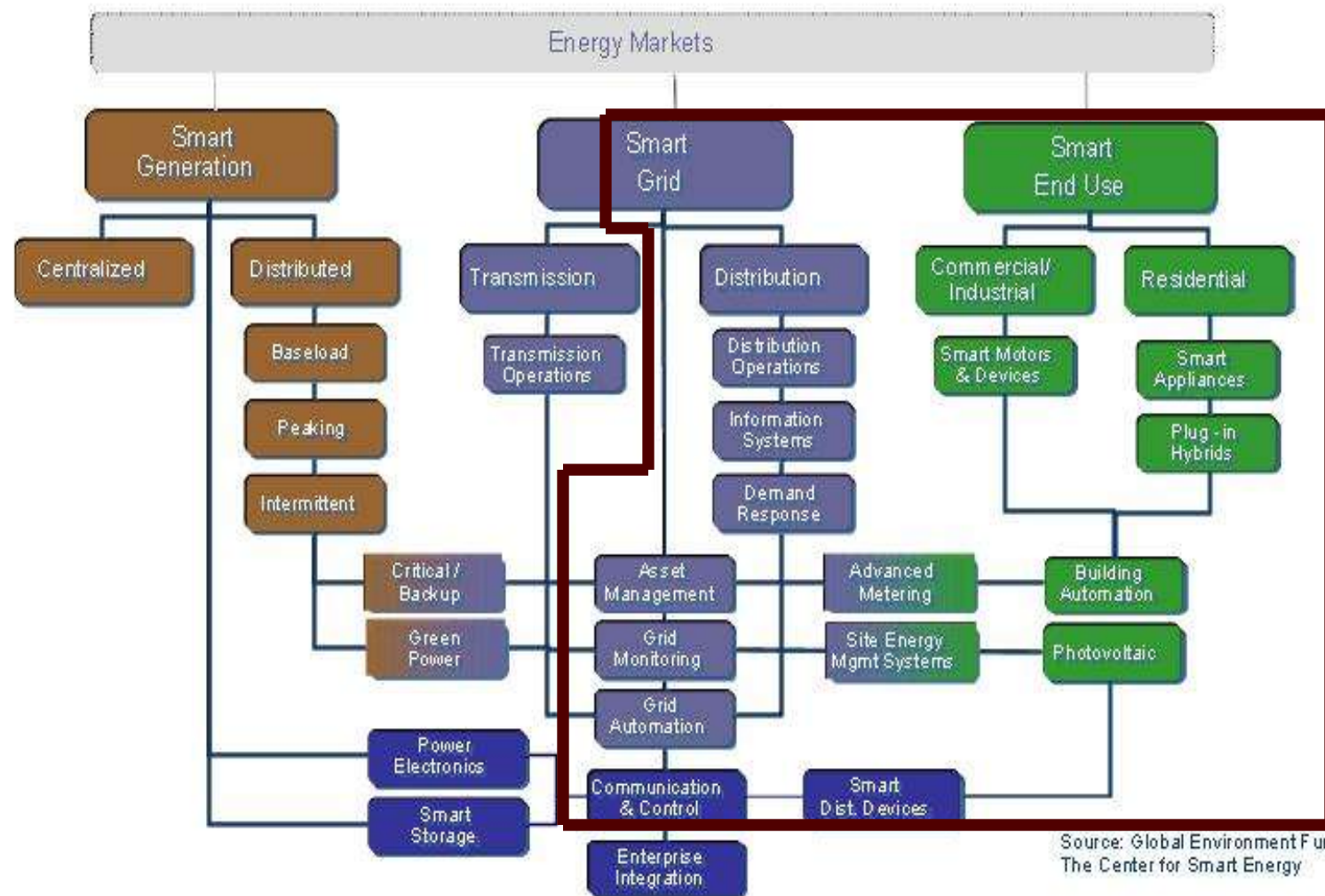
Smart Grid Leading Edge

- **Smart Grid 1.0: → 2010**
 - o AMI/smart meters
 - o Customer pricing/engagement focus
- **Smart Grid 2.0: 2011 →**
 - o Distributed communication, intelligence and control throughout the distribution system
 - Substation, feeders
 - Equipment in businesses and homes
 - o Integration of distributed resources

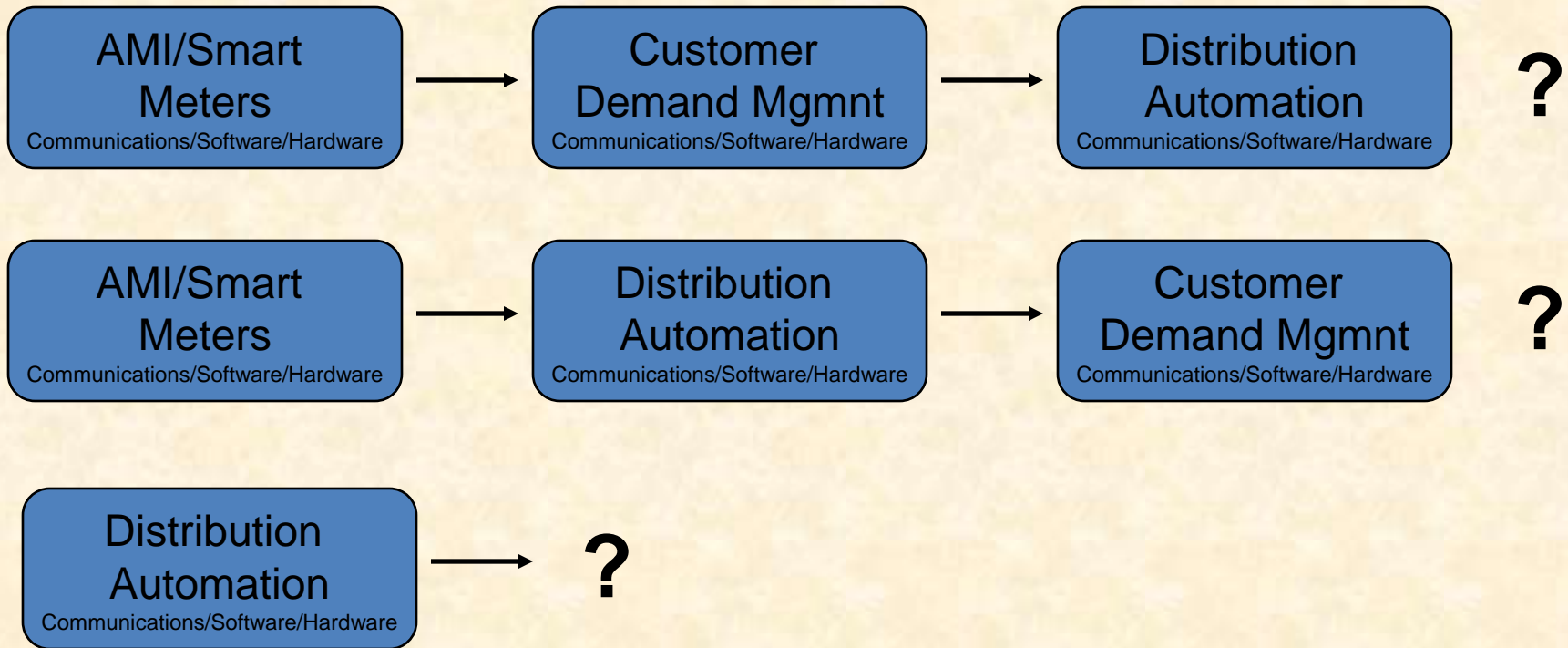
What Does This Mean for Coops?

- AMI/smart meter applications being viewed as more “mainstream”
- Growing number of DA “use cases”
- More information for utility decision-makers to consider SG options throughout the distribution system
- Satisfies a “not the first but not the last” criterion for substation to customer investments

Expanding the Scope of SG Options Complicates Investment Decisions



What Role Should DA Play in Coop Smart Grid Strategies?



Quantitative Financial Investment Analysis Can Provide Insights on Appropriate DA Role

- Consider
 - Costs and benefits of important technologies/applications
 - Unique utility/utility customer characteristics
 - Utility monthly hourly loads and SG load impacts
 - Avoided power purchase costs
- Conduct “what-if” scenario analysis
 - Quantitative model framework

Example Coop Analysis Illustrates Consideration of DA Role

- **Smart Grid Investment Model**

- o Developed in 2010 Smart Grid Research Consortium
 - 8 coops, 3 municipal, 1 PPD, 1 generation utility
- o Excel platform with “callable” monthly hourly load forecasting model

Table 1. Smart Grid Research Consortium Member Utilities

1. Bandera Electric Cooperative
2. Bastrop Power and Light
3. Bluebonnet Electric Cooperative
4. CPS Energy
5. Gainesville Regional Utilities
6. Houston Country Electric Cooperative
7. Independence Power & Light
8. Lawrenceburg Utility Systems
9. Lower Colorado River Authority
10. Midwest Energy Cooperative
11. Nebraska Public Power District
12. Pedernales Electric Cooperative
13. Southwest Louisiana Electric Membership Corporation

- **“Representative Coop”**

- o ~100,000 customers, 0.65 system load factor; \$0.05/kWh, \$12/kW summer; \$0.02-0.03/kWh, \$6-8/kW spring/fall/winter
- o Residential: 70% customers, 60% kWh coincident peak kW

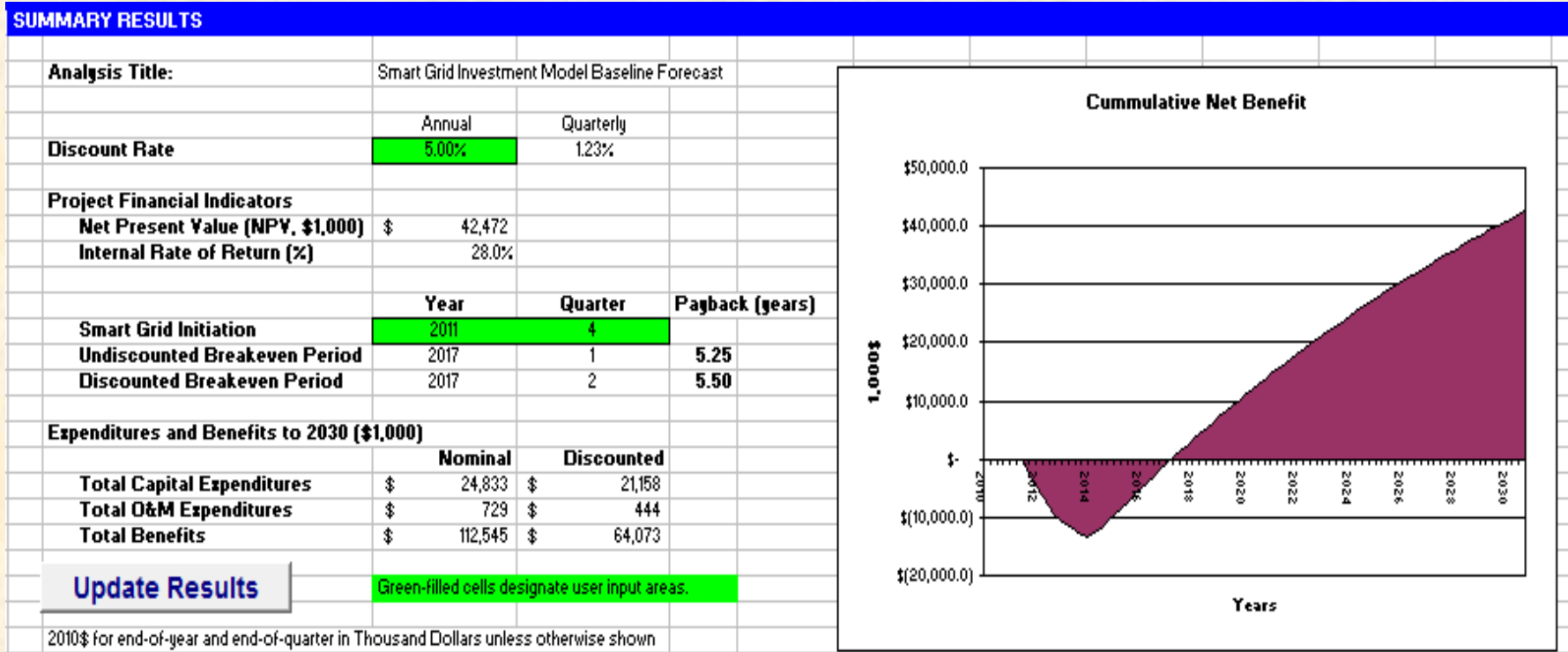
Cost/Benefits Summary

Smart Grid Benefit Cost Summary

		Application Area		
		AMI/Smart Meters	Distribution Automation	Customer Programs
Benefits	Meter reading	Reliability	Customer participation	
	Field services	Improved power quality	Customer satisfaction	
	Outage restoration	Field services	Reduced power costs	
	Billing services	Outage restoration	Environmental	
	Theft/tampering	Environmental	Distributed energy resources	
	Meter accuracy	Reduced capital costs	Other/new services	
	Uncollectables	Reduced O&M costs		
	Improved cash flow	Reduced power costs		
	Resource planing	Distributed energy resources		
	Improved transformer load management	Improved equipment management/planning		
	Costs	Communications	Communications	Communications
Software		Software	Software	
Hardware		Hardware	Hardware	
Management/Operational		Management/Operational	Management/Operational	

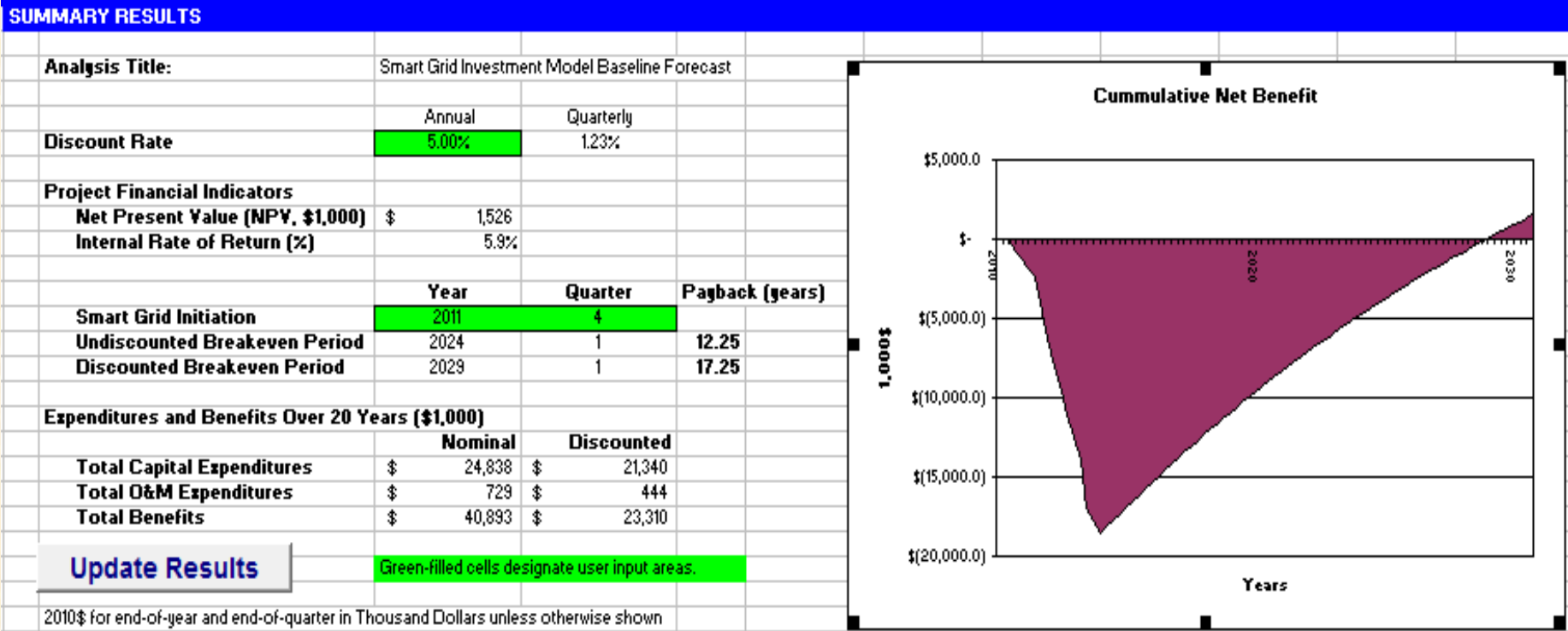
Replacing EM Meters With AMI Typically Provides Attractive Returns

- No Customer Programs



However, Coops With AMR Systems May Have Difficulty Justifying AMI

- PLC with remote connect/disconnect

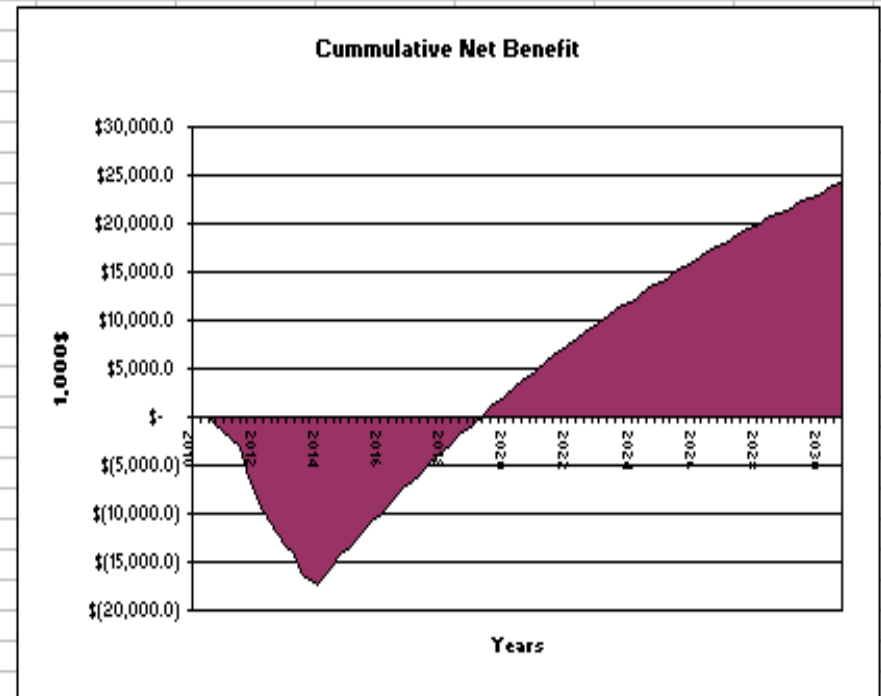


Customer Programs Can Improve AMR → AMI Returns

- 20 % PCT/pricing + 30% cust engagement (5% AC/SH savings)

SUMMARY RESULTS

Analysis Title:	Smart Grid Investment Model Baseline Forecast		
Discount Rate	Annual 5.00%	Quarterly 1.23%	
Project Financial Indicators			
Net Present Value (NPV, \$1,000)	\$	24,184	
Internal Rate of Return (%)		17.6%	
	Year	Quarter	Payback (years)
Smart Grid Initiation	2011	4	
Undiscounted Breakeven Period	2018	2	6.50
Discounted Breakeven Period	2019	2	7.50
Expenditures and Benefits to 2030 (\$1,000)			
	Nominal	Discounted	
Total Capital Expenditures	\$ 27,126	\$ 23,370	
Total O&M Expenditures	\$ 19,873	\$ 10,914	
Total Benefits	\$ 101,824	\$ 58,468	
Update Results	Green-filled cells designate user input areas.		
2010\$ for end-of-year and end-of-quarter in Thousand Dollars unless otherwise shown			



Consider DA Impact of Conservation Voltage Regulation (Reduction), CVR

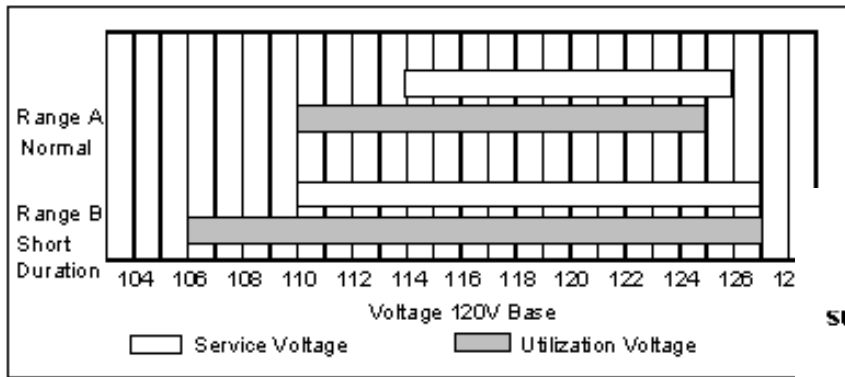


Figure 1-1
ANSI C84.1 Voltage Ranges

Source: RWBeck

Conservation Voltage Regulation factor (% change in kWh/kW from 1% change in Voltage)

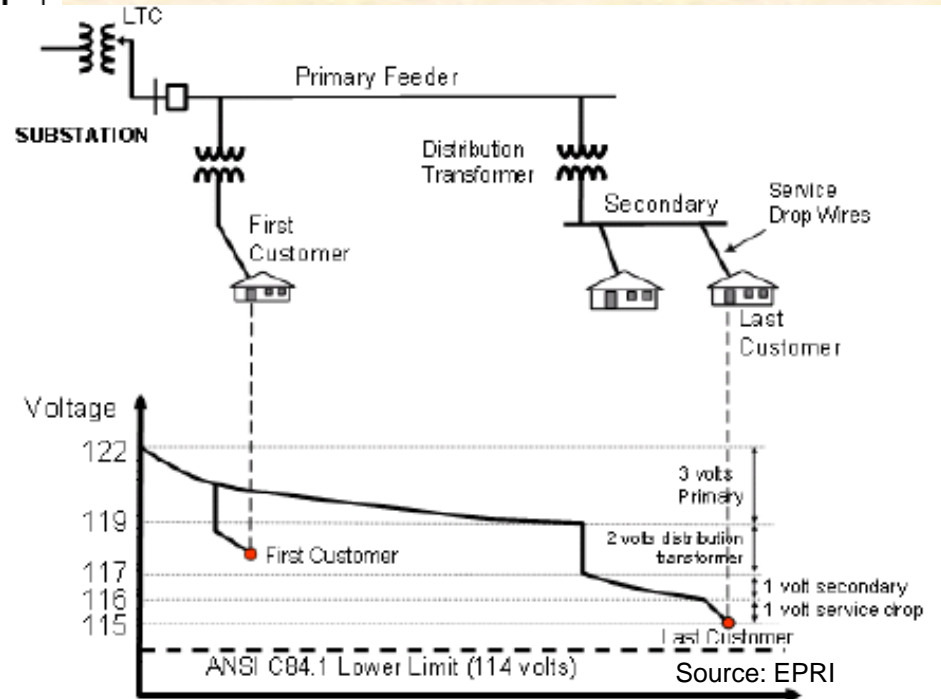
	kW	kWh
Elec, No AC	0.40	0.25
Elec, AC	0.35	0.40
Non, AC	0.74	0.60
Non, No AC	0.81	0.40

Source: Distribution Efficiency Initiative Study

• CVR Advantages

- o No customer participation required
- o Options: manual adjustments → full automation
- o Utility & customer savings

VVC Objective: Maintain acceptable voltage under all loading conditions

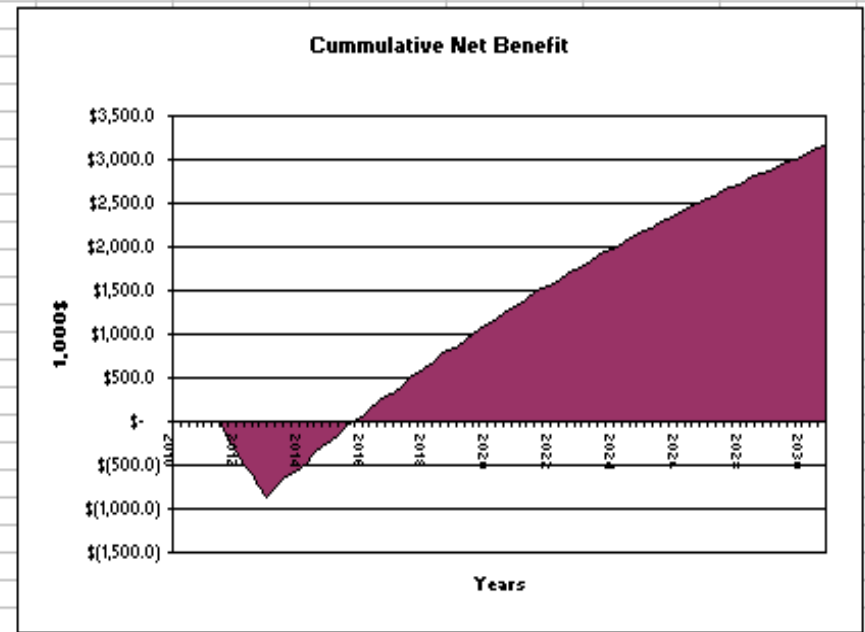


How Does CVR Stack Up as a 1st Step ?

- \$50k/substation; 1% voltage reduction

SUMMARY RESULTS

Analysis Title:	Smart Grid Investment Model Baseline Forecast		
	Annual	Quarterly	
Discount Rate	5.00%	1.23%	
Project Financial Indicators			
Net Present Value (NPV, \$1,000)	\$	3,162	
Internal Rate of Return (%)		36.4%	
	Year	Quarter	Pagback (years)
Smart Grid Initiation	2011	4	
Undiscounted Breakeven Period	2015	2	3.50
Discounted Breakeven Period	2015	4	4.00
Expenditures and Benefits to 2030 (\$1,000)			
	Nominal	Discounted	
Total Capital Expenditures	\$ 1,272	\$ 1,119	
Total O&M Expenditures	\$ 313	\$ 182	
Total Benefits	\$ 7,742	\$ 4,464	
Update Results Green-filled cells designate user input areas.			
2010\$ for end-of-year and end-of-quarter in Thousand Dollars unless otherwise shown			

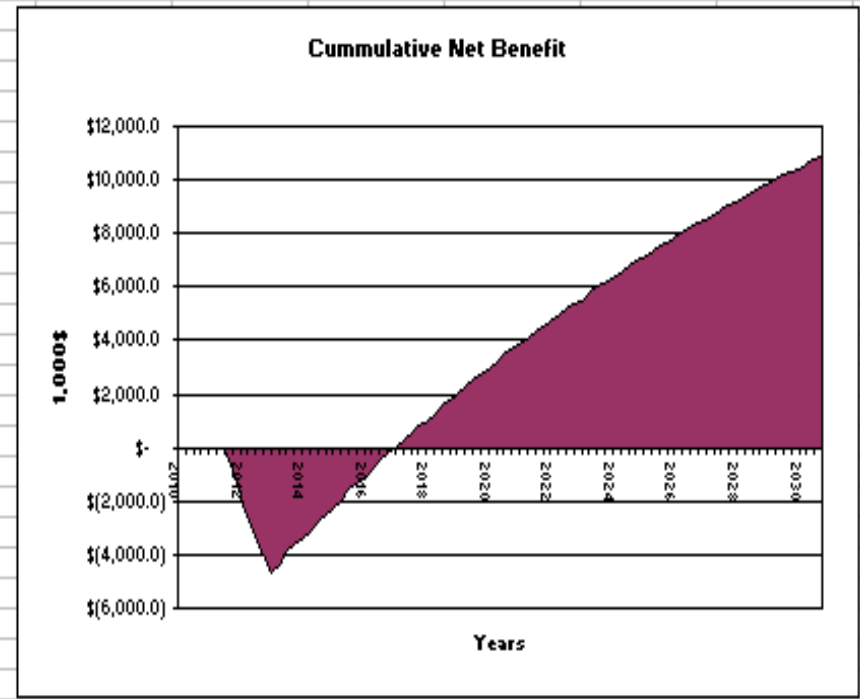


More Extensive Conservation Voltage Regulation Saves Even More

- \$250k/substation; 4% voltage reduction

SUMMARY RESULTS

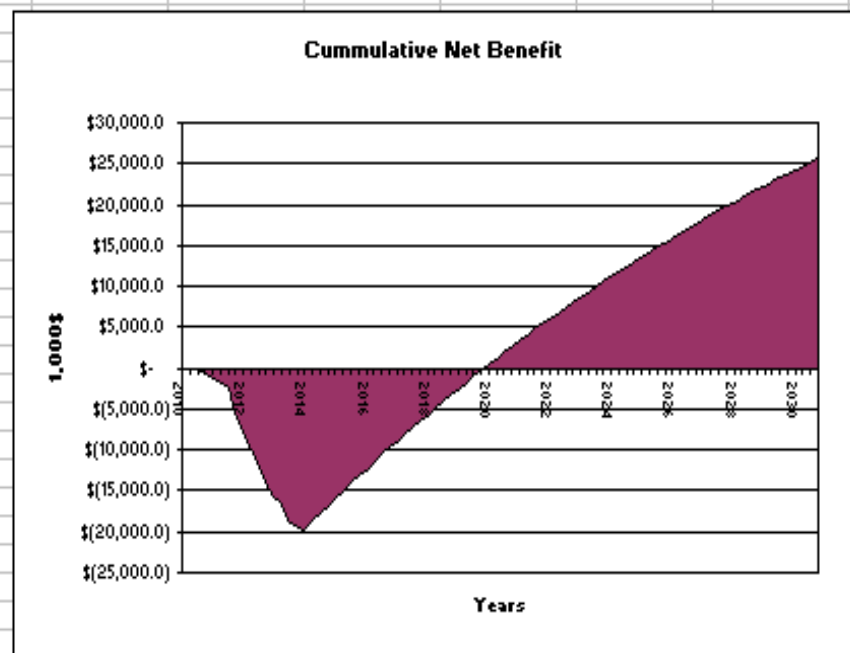
Analysis Title:	Smart Grid Investment Model Baseline Forecast		
	Annual	Quarterly	
Discount Rate	5.00%	1.23%	
Project Financial Indicators			
Net Present Value (NPV, \$1,000)	\$	10,908	
Internal Rate of Return (%)		26.4%	
	Year	Quarter	Payback (years)
Smart Grid Initiation	2011	4	
Undiscounted Breakeven Period	2016	2	4.50
Discounted Breakeven Period	2017	1	5.25
Expenditures and Benefits to 2030 (\$1,000)			
	Nominal	Discounted	
Total Capital Expenditures	\$ 6,480	\$ 5,702	
Total O&M Expenditures	\$ 313	\$ 182	
Total Benefits	\$ 29,124	\$ 16,793	
Update Results	Green-filled cells designate user input areas.		
2010\$ for end-of-year and end-of-quarter in Thousand Dollars unless otherwise shown			



CVR Savings Can Justify a DA/AMI Initiative at the AMR Utility Even W/O Cust Programs

- Additional 1% voltage reduction using meters for EOL voltage
- Without customer programs in this scenario

SUMMARY RESULTS			
Analysis Title:	Smart Grid Investment Model Baseline Forecast		
	Annual	Quarterly	
Discount Rate	5.00%	1.23%	
Project Financial Indicators			
Net Present Value (NPV, \$1,000)	\$	25,588	
Internal Rate of Return (%)		16.5%	
	Year	Quarter	Pagback (years)
Smart Grid Initiation	2011	4	
Undiscounted Breakeven Period	2018	4	7.00
Discounted Breakeven Period	2020	1	8.25
Expenditures and Benefits to 2030 (\$1,000)			
	Nominal	Discounted	
Total Capital Expenditures	\$ 30,358	\$ 26,197	
Total O&M Expenditures	\$ 1,042	\$ 626	
Total Benefits	\$ 91,491	\$ 52,411	
Update Results	Green-filled cells designate user input areas.		
2010\$ for end-of-year and end-of-quarter in Thousand Dollars unless otherwise shown			



DA, The Next Big Push?

- Generally: Yes
 - CVR is likely to provide the best “primary” SG financial returns for many electric cooperatives utilities who already have AMR systems
 - Other DA activities improve reliability, outage management/recovery, dist field services/maintenance, etc.
 - DA investments may outperform AMI/smart meter investments even when replacing EM meters
- However ...
 - Individual utility characteristics vary so AMI and Cust Programs can reflect better returns than DA, and
 - DA, AMI/smart meters and customer program options should be evaluated singly and in combination to develop utility-specific least-cost, maximum-benefit SG strategies

2011 Smart Grid Research Consortium

- Activities
 - SG Investment Model implemented for member utilities
 - Model extensions
 - Workshop/Conference: 10/20-21, Orlando
- Membership is still open
 - \$15,000 membership fee

For Information Contact:

**Jerry Jackson, Leader and Research Director
Smart Grid Research Consortium**

37 N. Orange Avenue, Suite 500 Orlando, FL 32801

jjackson@smartgridresearchconsortium.org

www.smartgridresearchconsortium.org

979-204-7821